# Inter-Annual Simulations with SoFLA-HYCOM and Comparison to in-situ Data

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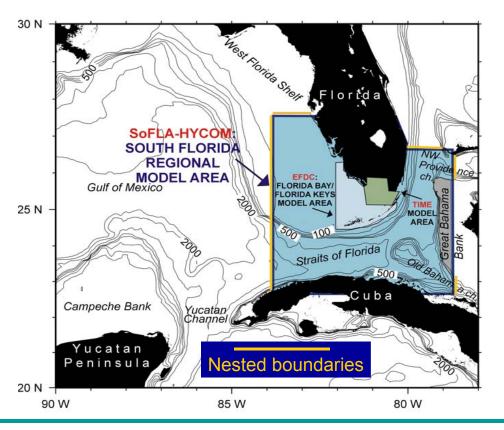
In Collaboration with

Elizabeth Williams and George Halliwell (RSMAS) Pat Hogan, Ole Martin Smedstad , and Alan Walcraft (NRL)

# SoFLA-HYCOM

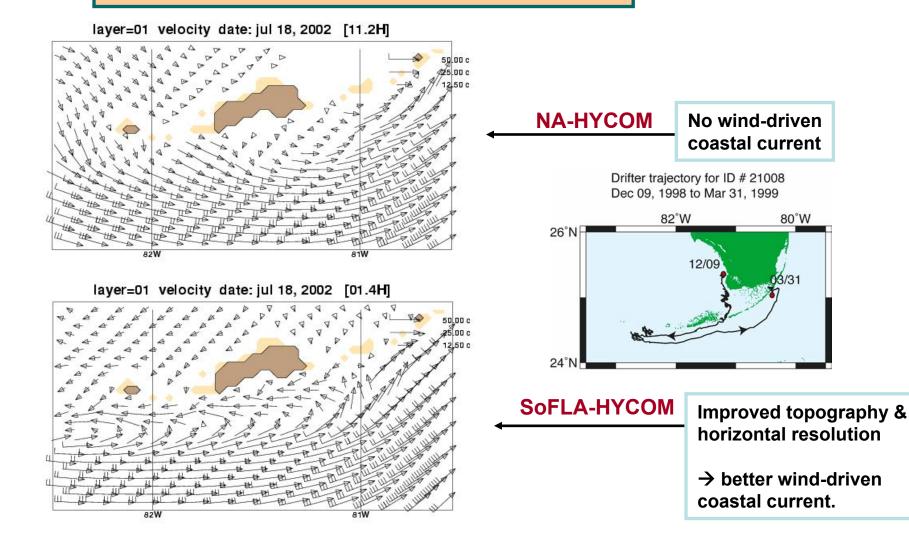
# **Regional FLAe0.04 model**

- HYCOM version 2.1.27
- Domain (83.76W-78.8W; 22.59N-27.45N) is nested within N.ATLd0.08 (1/12°)
- Simulation from Sept 1999 to Dec. 2002 with NOGAPS and daily rivers from a hydrological model
- Free running no data assimilation
- Improved local topography with 5 m minimum water depth

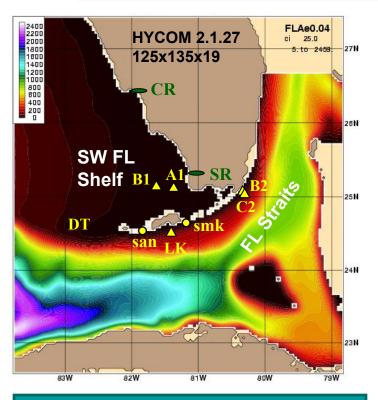


The goals are to examine the capability of HYCOM in simulating coastal currents on the SW FL Shelf and to provide boundary conditions to the FL Bay/KEYS models.

# **Coastal features in nested model**



## **Geographic Locations of Data and Model Points**

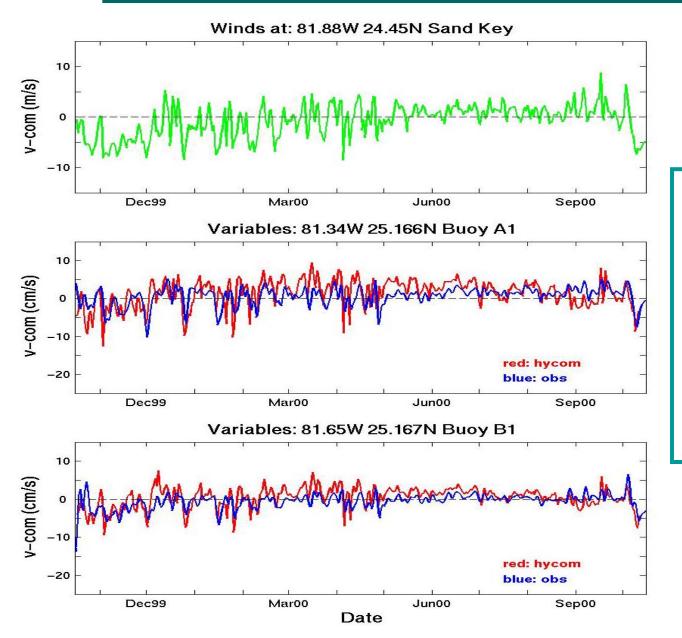


▲: moorings; ●: c-man
DT: Dry Tortugas; LK: Looe Key;
san: Sand Key; smk: Sombrero Key;
SR: Sharker River
CR: Caloosahatchee River.

Station	type	Lon	Lat	Water	Model
ID		(°w)	(°N)	Depth	Depth
				(m)	(m)*
A1	buoy	81.336	25.1657	6.4	5.36
B1	buoy	81.653	25.1672	11.58	13.34
B2	buoy	80.355	25.093	7.0	14.798
C2	buoy	80.318	25.073	21.8	31.18
LK	buoy	81.40	24.542	24	56.8
san	C-MAN	81.88	24.45		
smk	C-MAN	81.11	24.63		
mlr	C-MAN	80.38	25.01		

\*: Model point is the closest model point to the data point but may not be collocated with data points.

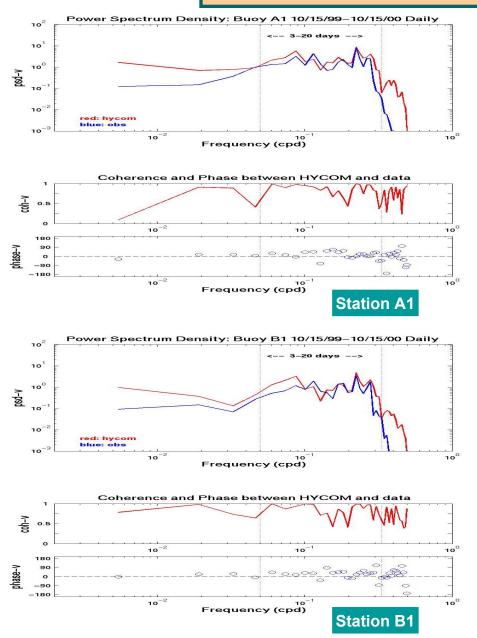
### **Model-Data Comparison: Time Series**

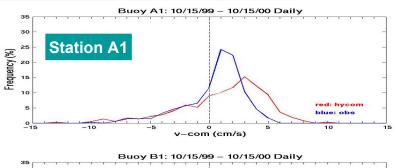


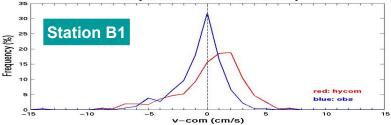
 Currents on the SW FL shelf are largely winddriven

 In response to atmospheric forcing, the currents (both model and observations) display more fluctuations during winter season (November – May) than during summer season (June – October).

## **Model-Data Comparison: Statistics**



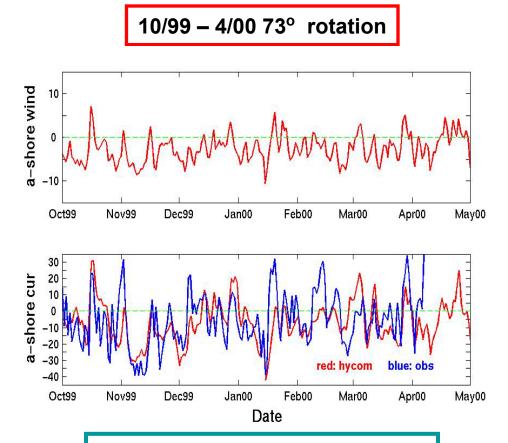




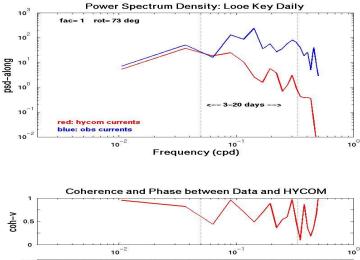
- Energy peaks are in phase over all
- No obvious phase bias between model and data at these two locations
- The maximum cross-correlations occur at the zero lag which are above 99% significant level for both locations
- The model current distribution has a positive bias in both Station A1 and B1 than observations for the period.

#### **C-MAN Winds at Sombrero and Currents at Looe Key**

phase-v



The similar results are found for B2 and C2 buoy stations at the Upper Keys.



0 10<sup>-2</sup> 10<sup>-1</sup> 10<sup>0</sup> 1

Model currents have energy comparable to observations in low-frequency band but less energetic for the synoptic bands  $\rightarrow$  other factors rather than winds play important role.

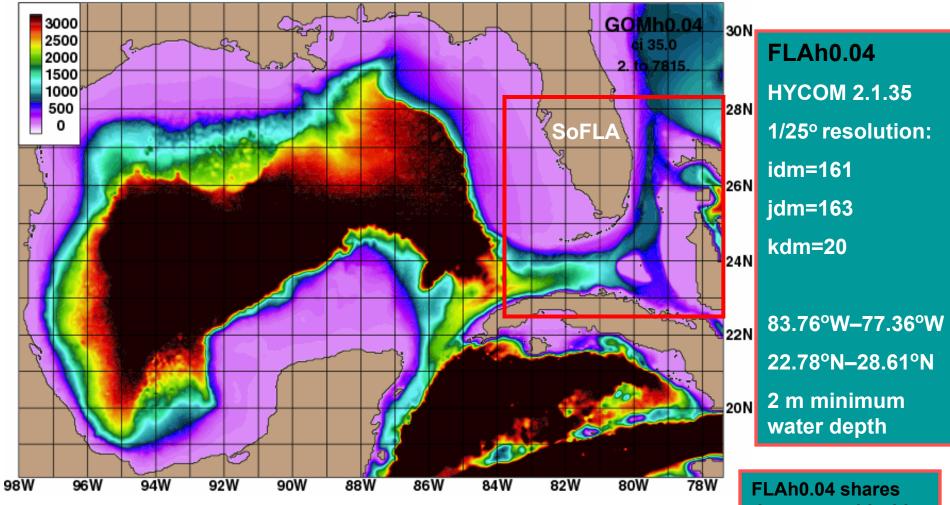
# **Conclusion on Data-Model Comparison**

• The model currents on the SW Florida Shelf are in good agreement statistically with the observations. No phase between the two are found. However, the model currents have a positive bias in magnitude.

• Model currents compare better with the observations on the SW Florida Shelf than along the Straits.

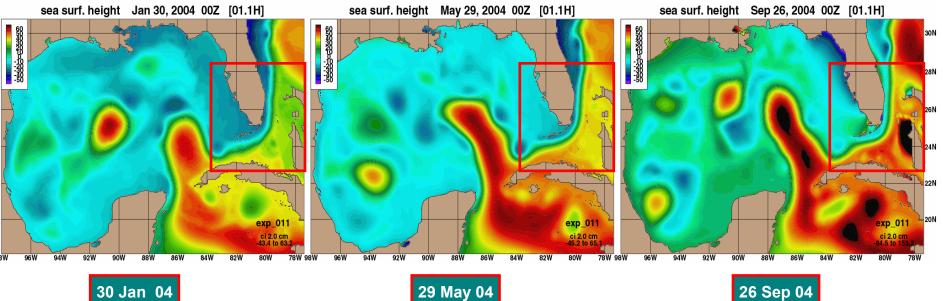
## New SoFLA-HYCOM (FLAh0.04) Nested with New GOM-HYCOM (GOMh0.04)

## **GOM-HYCOM: GOMh0.04 Bathymetry**



**GOMh0.04** 1/25° resolution: Idm=517 jdm=349 kdm=20; 98°W-77.36°W; 18.90°N–30.71°N; 2 m minimum water depth FLAh0.04 shares the same grid with GOMh0.04 within the SoFLA domain

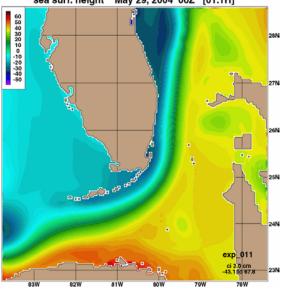
#### New GOM Domain: GOMh0.04/FLAh0.04 SSH Expt\_01.1

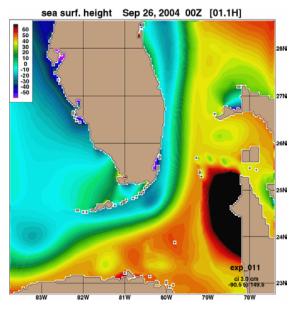


sea surf. height Jan 30, 2004 00Z [01.1H] 60 50 40 20 10 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 an 250 67 10 25N 24N exp\_011 ci 2.0 cm -42.1 to 55.9 23N 78W

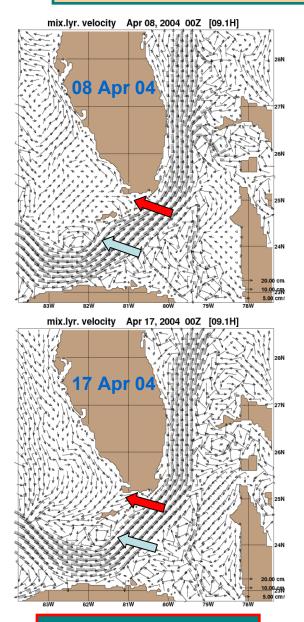
29 May 04

sea surf. height May 29, 2004 00Z [01.1H]

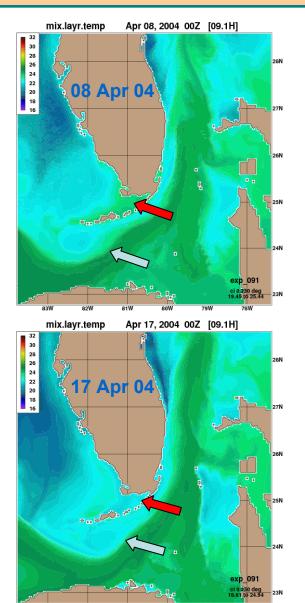




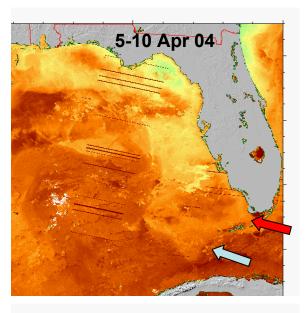
#### New SoFLA Domain: FLAh0.04 Coastal Currents on SW FL Shelf

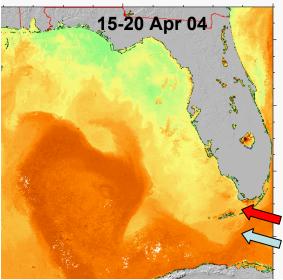


Model Surface Currents



Model SST

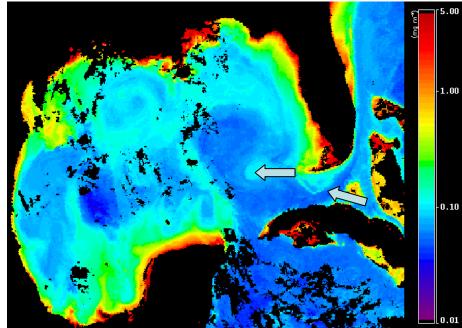




#### **Observed SST: JHU**

## Impact of different nested fields: Free verse NCODA run

7-days, 5/24-31/2004, Aqua-chla Provided by Viva Banzon, RSMAS Satellite group



Noticeable improvement on positions of Loop Current and eddies

**NCODA: Ole Martin** 

30 N

28N

26N

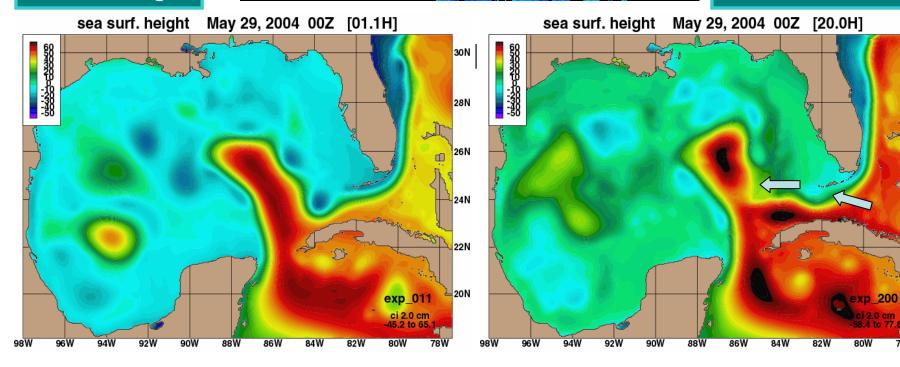
22N

20N

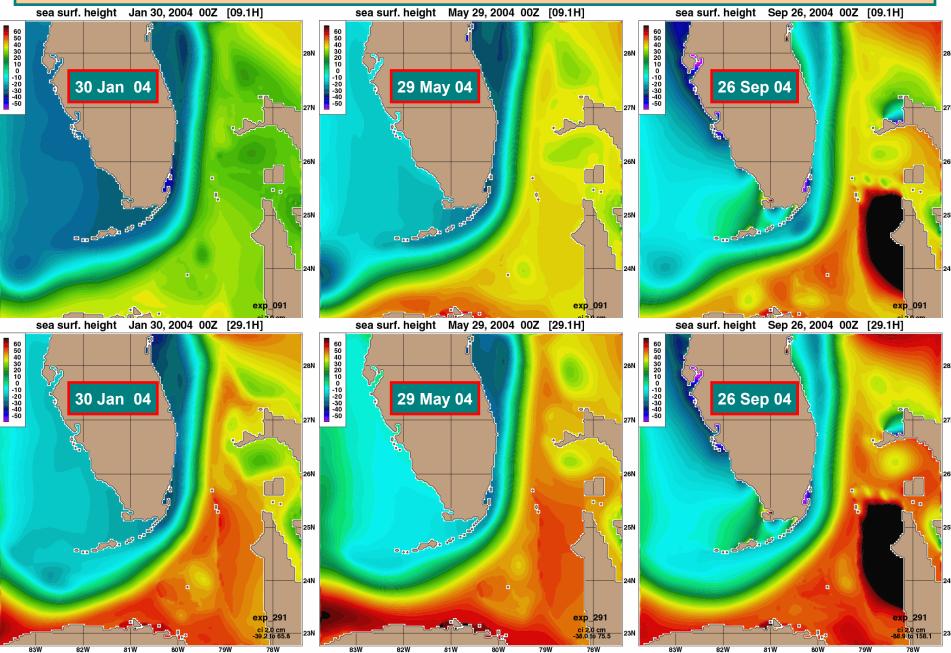
78W

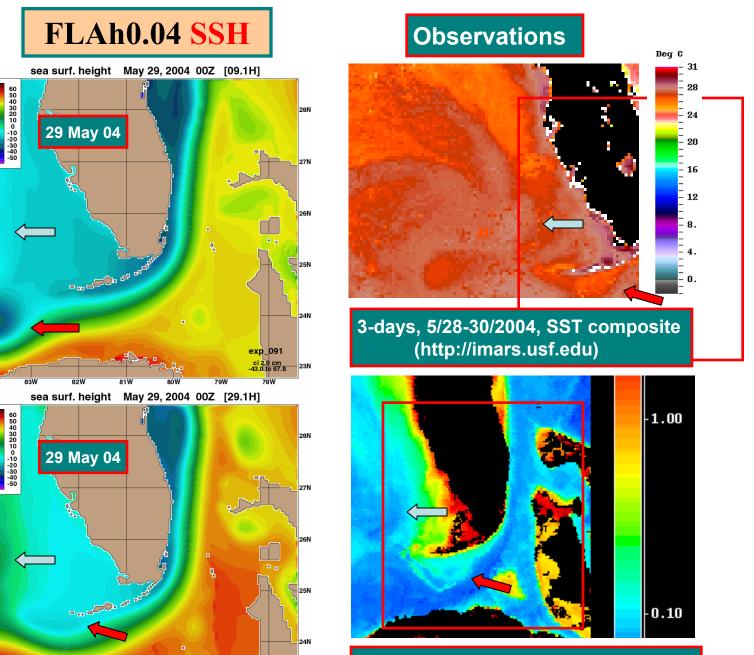
A Constants

#### Free: Pat Hogan



## SoFLA-HYCOM: FLAh0.04 SSH Free (top) NCODA (bottom)





exp\_291

ci 2.0 cm -38.0 to 75.5

78W

79W

23N

7-days, 5/24-31/2004, Aqua-chla Viva Banzon, RSMAS Satellite group

# NCODA

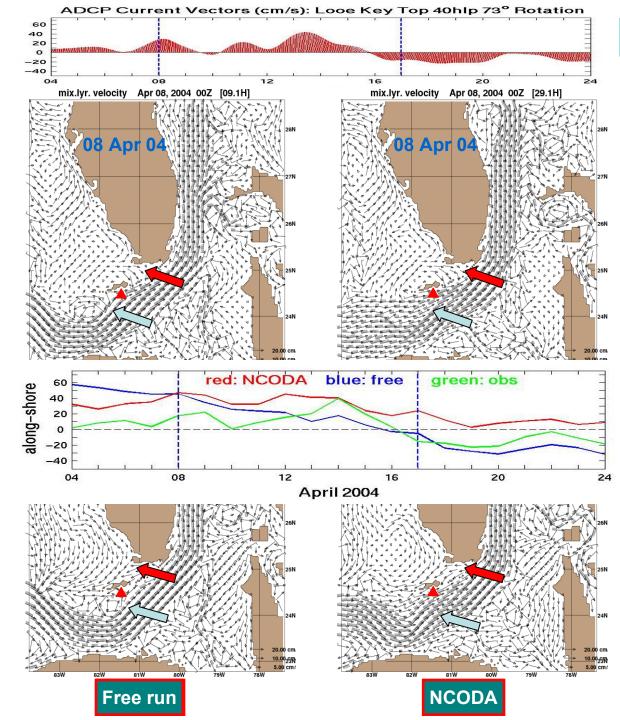
Free

Better positions of Loop Current and eddy.

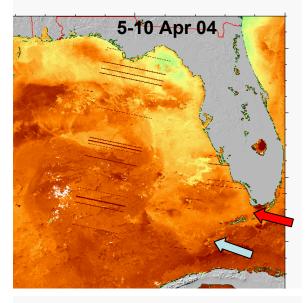
83W

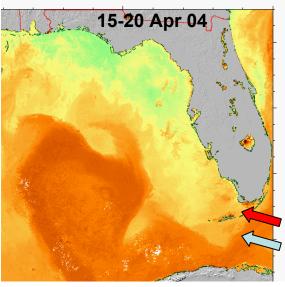
82W

81 W

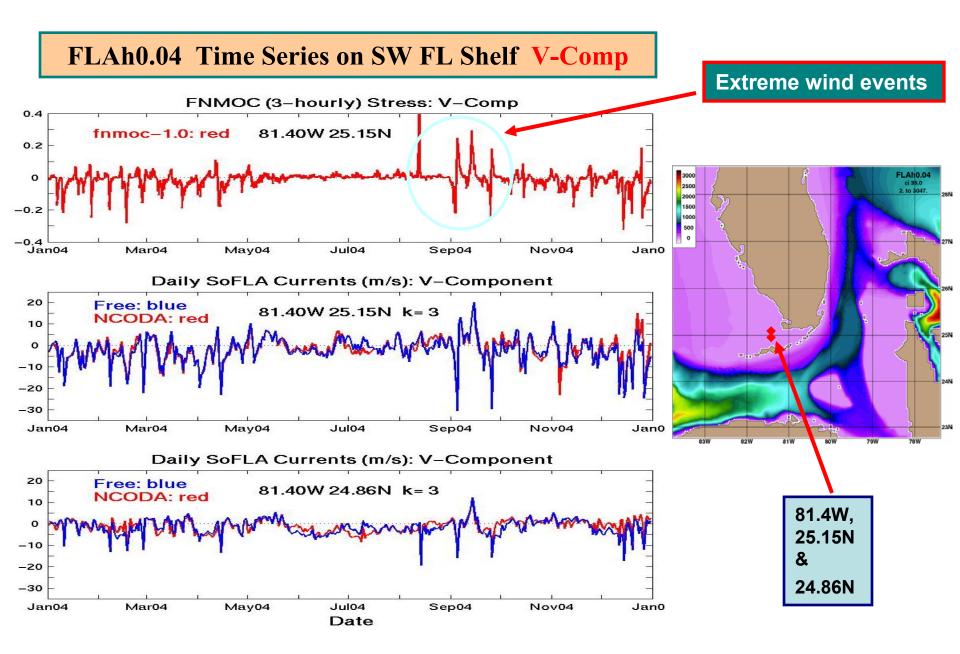


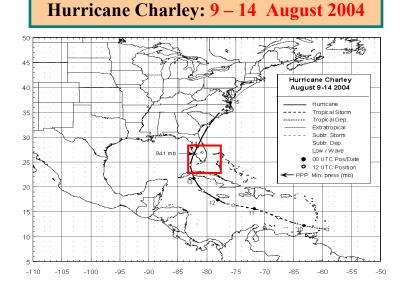
#### Data from Ryan Smith, NOAA



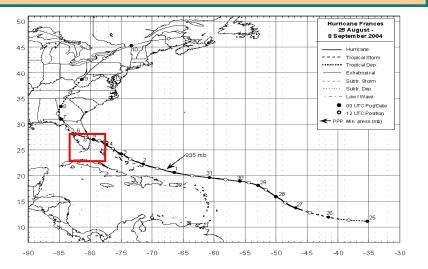


**Observed SST: JHU** 

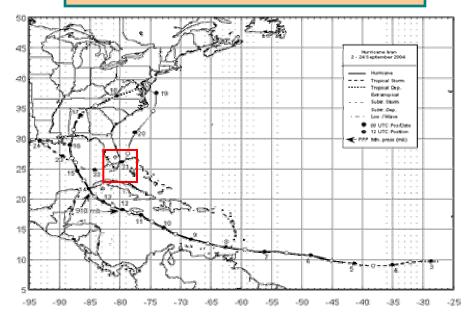




#### Hurricane France: 25 August – 8 September 2004

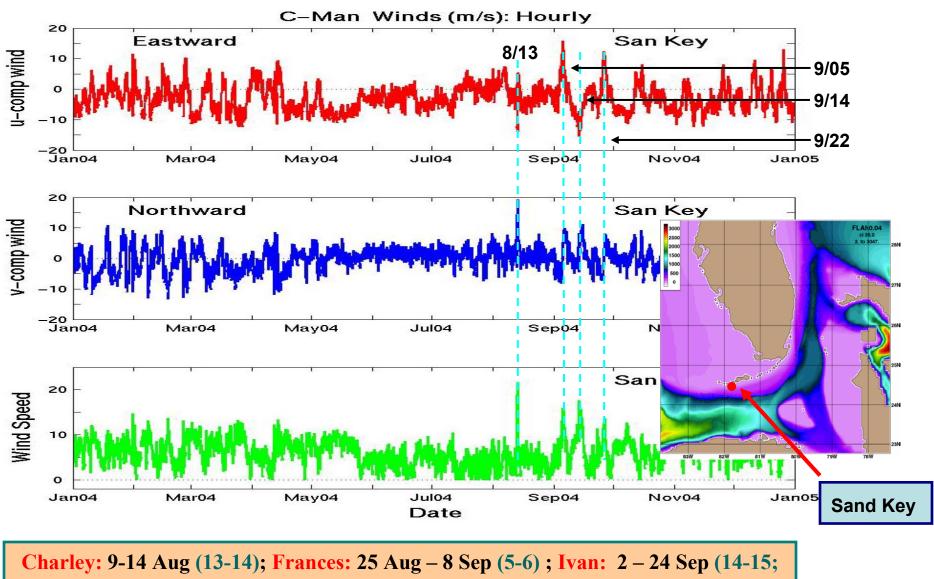


Hurricane Ivan: 2 – 24 September 2004

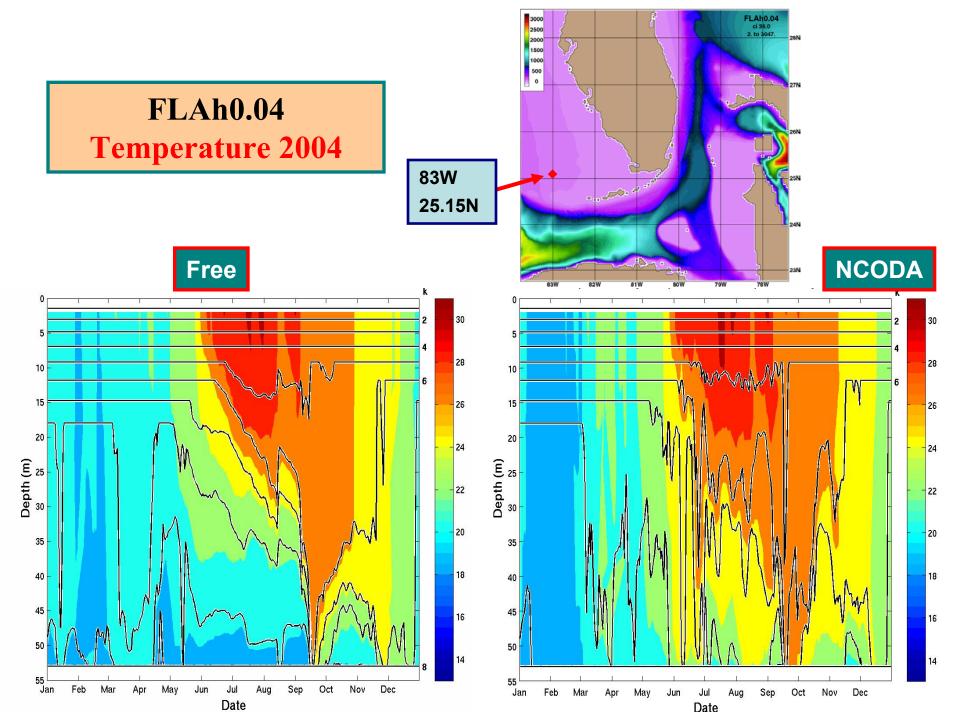


#### Best hurricane tracks From nhc.noaa.gov

#### 2004 C-MAN Winds Sand Key at 81.88W 24.46N Hourly



21-22). The SoFLA domain is affected during the days inside the parentheses.



## **Conclusions on New SoFLA (FLAh0.04) Domain**

- The nesting between FLAh0.04 and GOMh0.04 works well
- The NCODA run shows very promising signs in improving the positions of the Loop Currents and eddies along the FL Straits and magnitudes of currents on the SW FL Shelf

## **Future Work with New SoFLA Domain**

- In-depth analysis of impact of data assimilations to event simulations such as eddy-passages and hurricanes
- Impact of daily fresh water flux associated with river discharges
- Comparison to observations
- High resolution domain (1/50°)
- High resolution atmospheric forcing
- Impact of tides

# END