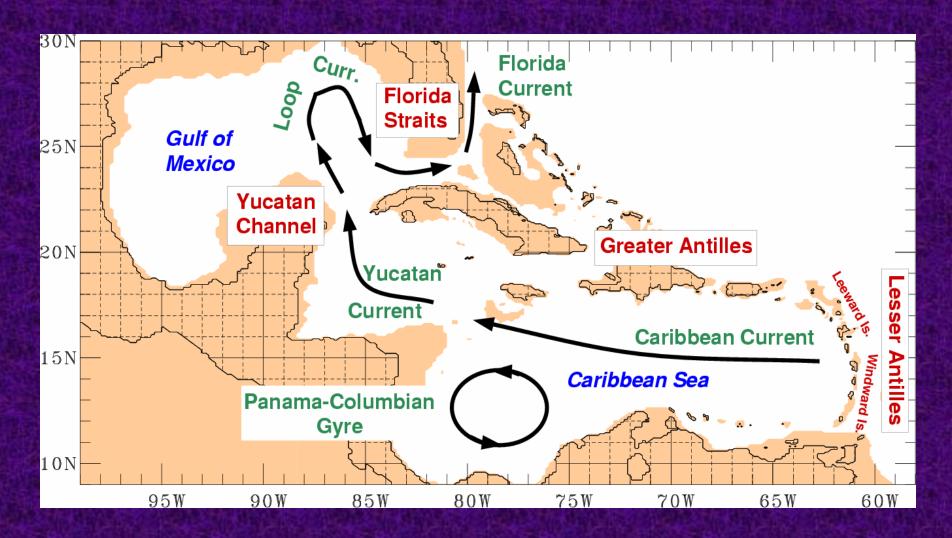
Intra-Americas Sea HYCOM

T.L. Townsend, A.J. Wallcraft, and H.E. Hurlburt Naval Research Laboratory Stennis Space Center, MS



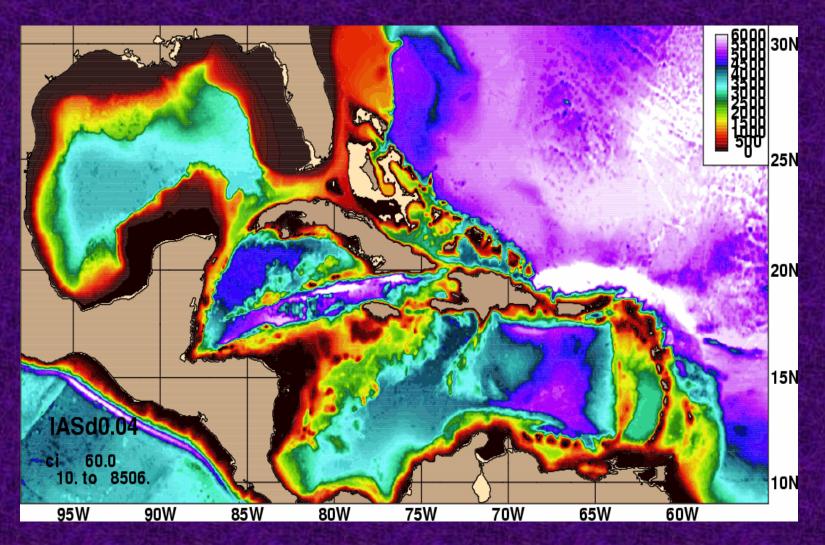
Hybrid Coordinate Ocean Model Workshop NCEP, Camp Springs, MD 19-21 August 2003

Principal Features of the Intra-Americas Sea Circulation



0.04° IAS-HYCOM Bottom Topography

Interpolated from global 2' x 2' NRL DBDB2 then modified in specific areas Coastline: 5 m isobath Minimum depth: 10 m



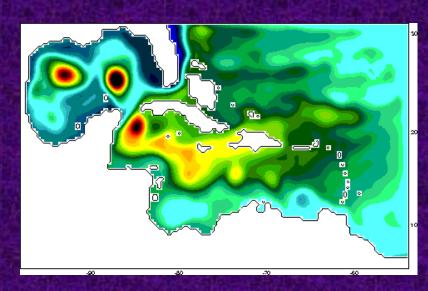
REALISTIC BOUNDARY CONDITIONS IMPORTANT

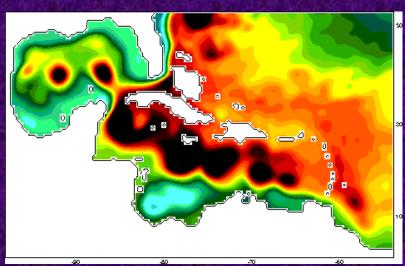
0.32° IAS-HYCOM

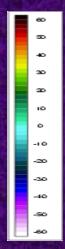
COADS MONTHLY SURFACE FORCING,
RELAXATION TO MODAS
CLIMATOLOGY AT N & E BOUNDARIES
AND 51 SV BAROTROPIC INFLOW
(N & E BNDRY), 10 SV OUT AT SE BNDRY AND
41 SV OUT AT US COAST

IAS REGION OF 0.32° ATLANTIC-HYCOM

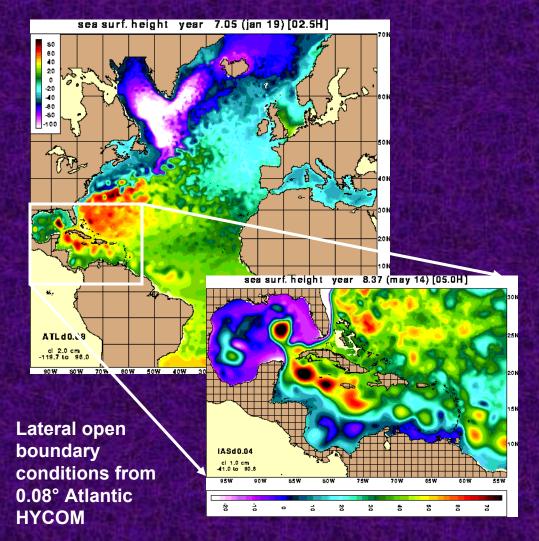
1979-1993 ECMWF REANALYSIS
MONTHLY MEAN SURFACE FORCING
AND RELAXATION TO MODAS
CLIMATOLOGY AT NORTHERN (70°N) AND
SOUTHERN (28°S) BOUNDARIES







HYCOM-to-HYCOM Nesting

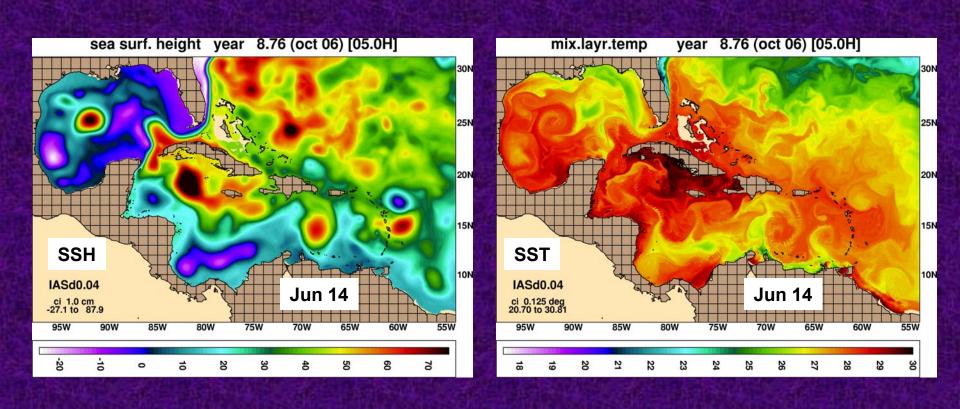


- One-way
- Off-line
 - Boundary info from archive files
 - Updating frequency depends on archive file frequency
- Depth-averaged component exact
- 3-D T,S,P,u,v relaxation
 - ~1° wide buffer zone
 - 0.1-10 day e-folding time
- Extensive open boundaries
- Strong baroclinic throughflows

Same vertical structure as Atlantic Ocean model (minus 4 densest layers)

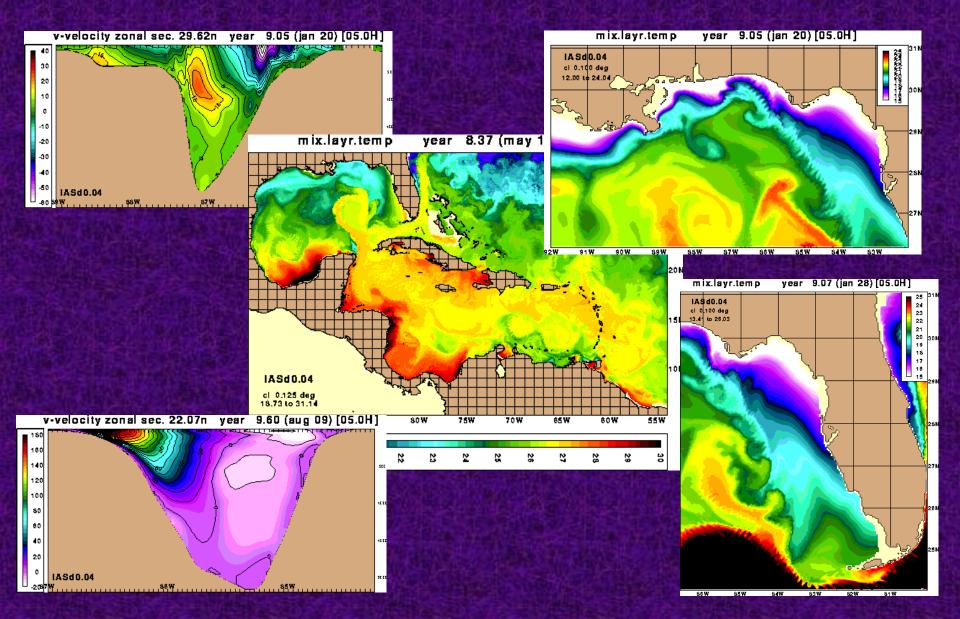
0.04° Intra-Americas Sea HYCOM

Lateral Boundary Conditions From 0.08° Atlantic HYCOM



1979-1993 ECMWF Monthly Mean Reanalysis 10 m wind (plus high-frequency anomalies) and heat flux forcing

0.04 ° Intra-Americas Sea-HYCOM



Intra-Americas Sea-HYCOM Nesting Issues



Extensive open boundaries in the deep Atlantic that meet at a corner of the domain



Strong baroclinic flows through portions of the open boundaries

Different horizontal grid resolution

Different vertical structure

Relaxation time scales

Buffer zone width

Update frequency

