COASTAL OCEAN MODELING GORDON RESEARCH CONFERENCE 17-22 JUNE 2007 COLBY-SAWYER COLLEGE NEW LONDON, NH, USA

Francisco E. Werner, Chair; Richard P. Signell, Vice-Chair Organizing Committee: John Allen, Julie Pullen, Mark Stacey and John Wilkin

INTEGRATION OF MODELING AND OBSERVING SYSTEMS

**BIO-PHYSICAL MODELING** 

ATMOSPHERE-OCEAN INTERACTION

DATA ASSIMILATION

MODEL COUPLING AND ADAPTIVE GRIDS

HURRICANE/SEVERE STORM MODELING

SKILL ASSESSMENT

COASTAL SEDIMENT TRANSPORT & GEOMORPHOLOGY MODELING

STRATIFIED FLOW & TOPOGRAPHY

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Nitrogen and carbon cycle modeling of the Northeast North American shelf: Nesting ROMS within HYCOM

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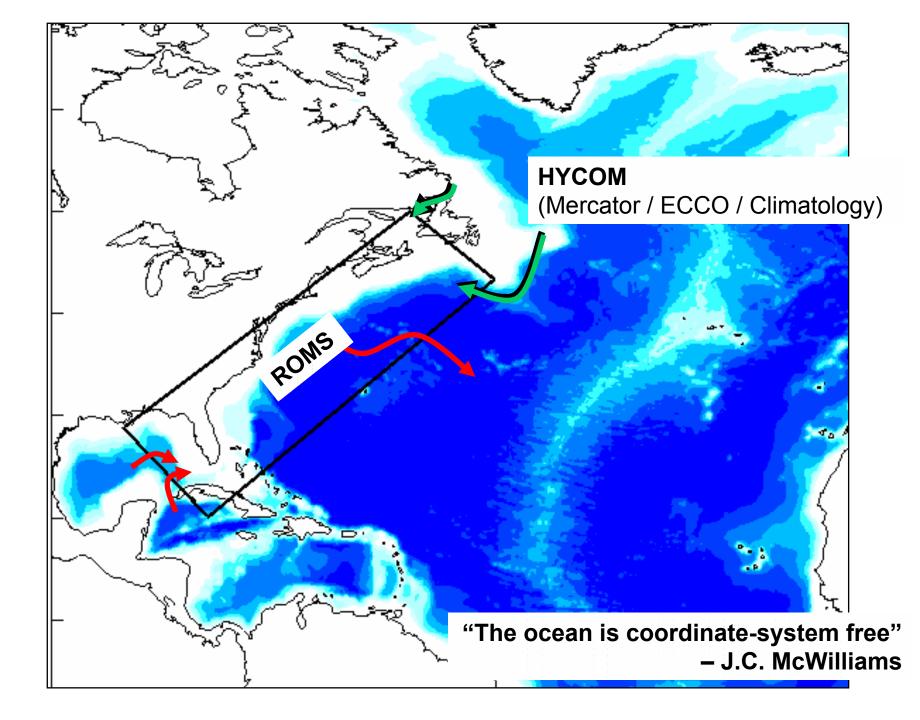


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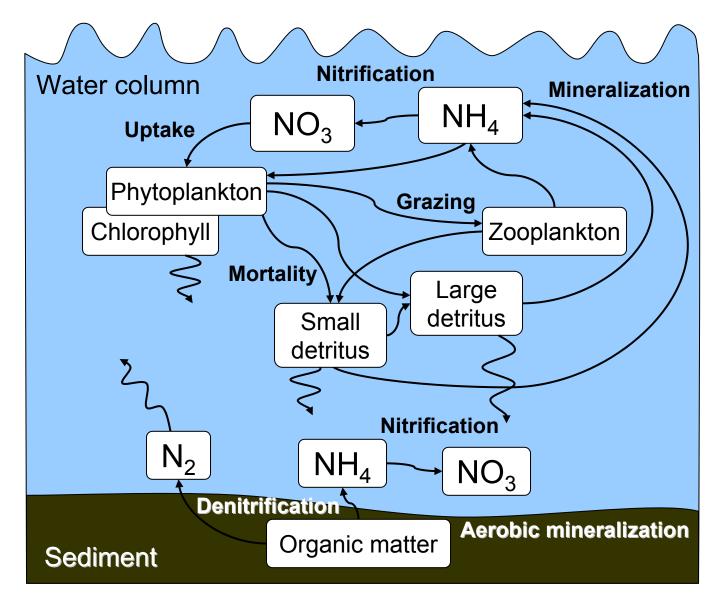
http://marine.rutgers.edu



11<sup>th</sup> HYCOM Meeting NRL/Stennis, April 24-26, 2007

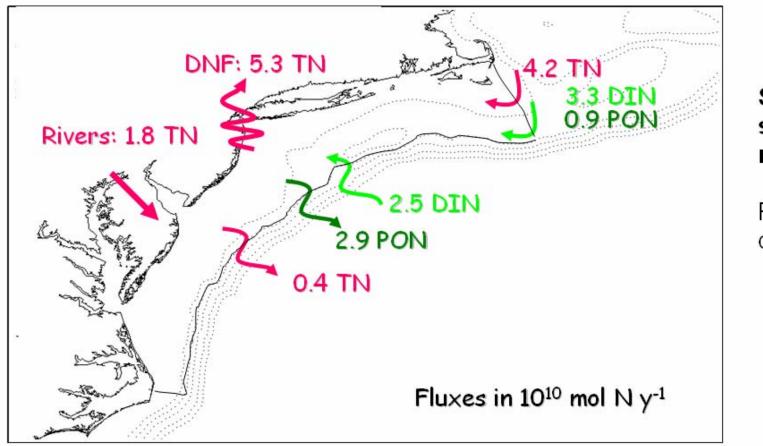


### Circulation and biogeochemical modeling



Fennel, K., et al 2006: Nitrogen cycling in the Middle Atlantic Bight: Results from a three-dimensional model and implications for the North Atlantic nitrogen budget. Glob. Biogeochem. Cyc., 20, doi:10.1029/2005GB002456.

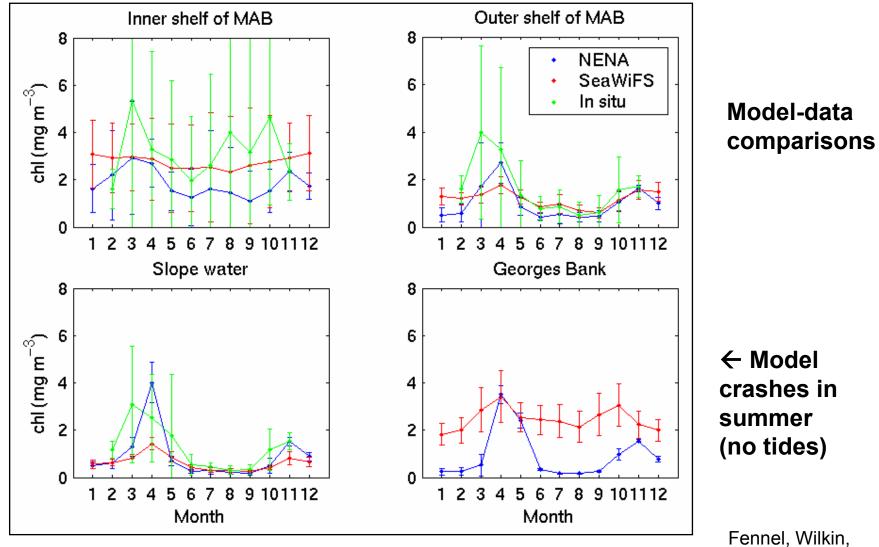
### Nitrogen cycle modeling for wide shelves



Sources and sinks of nitrogen

Role of shelf denitrification

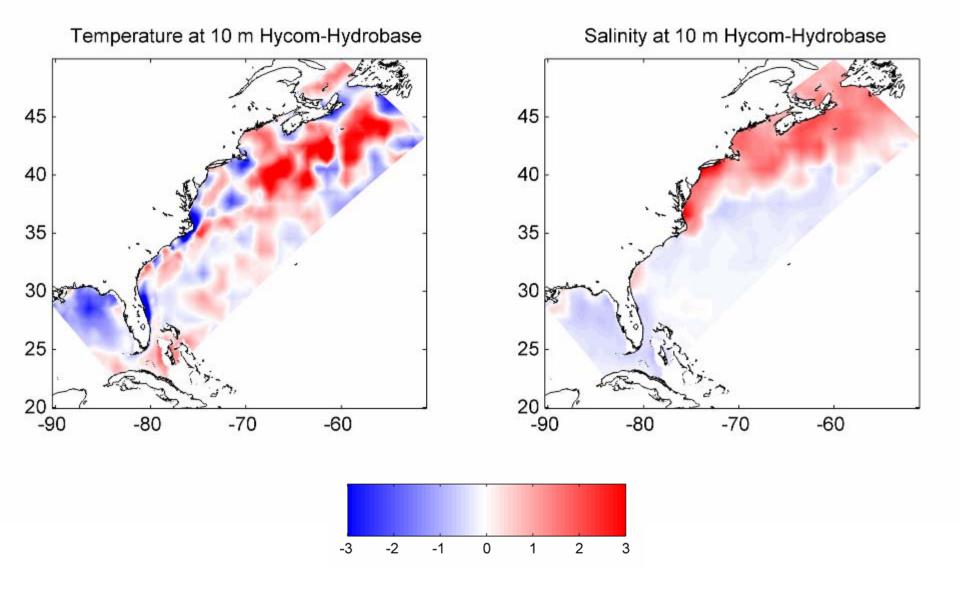
Fennel, K., et al 2006: Nitrogen cycling in the Middle Atlantic Bight: Results from a three-dimensional model and implications for the North Atlantic nitrogen budget. Glob. Biogeochem. Cyc., 20, doi:10.1029/2005GB002456.

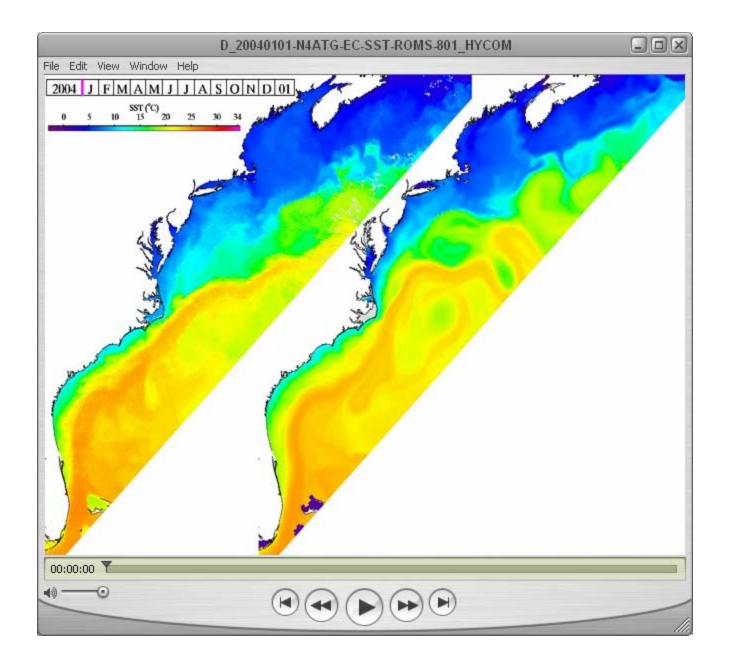


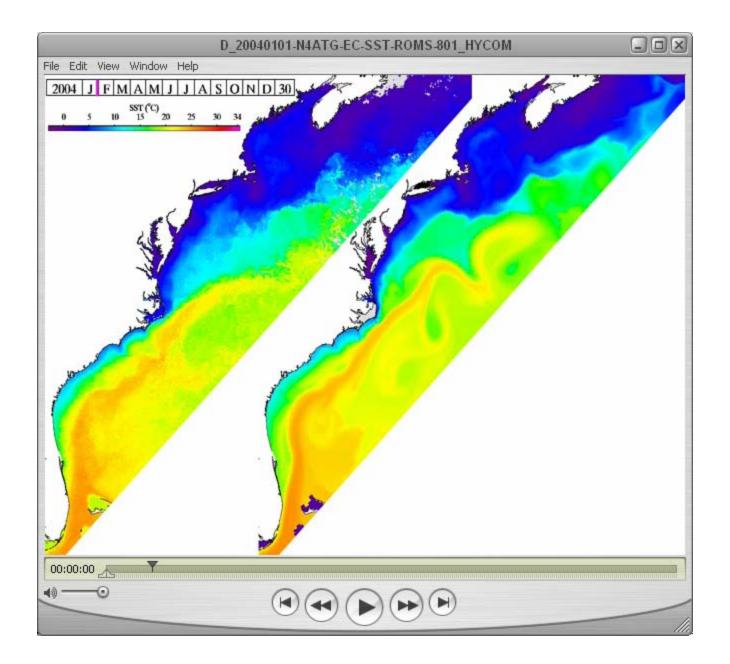
Fennel, Wilkin, O'Reilly

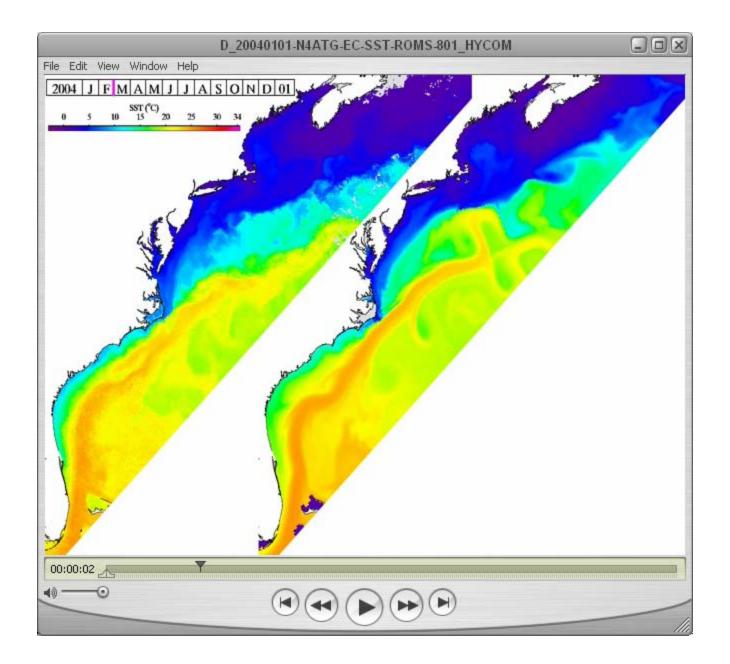
### ROMS in Hycom NENA configuration

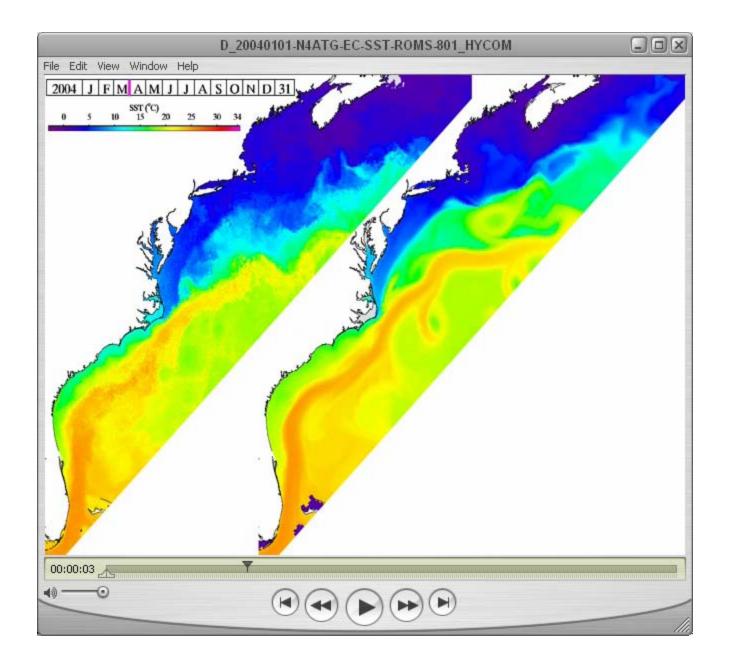
- 10 km horizontal, 30 s-levels terrain-following
- NCEP daily surface atmospheric reanalysis
  - Fairall et al. 2003 bulk flux air-sea exchange parameterization
  - daily shortwave modulated for diurnal cycle
  - evaporation from latent heat minus NCEP precip
- embedded in Hycom North Atlantic best-estimate daily
  - Hycom T,S bias w.r.t. Hydrobase annual mean is removed
  - radiation/nudging to Hbase+Hycom' T,S and **u** at perimeter
  - 200 km linear taper nudging region 0 to 2 day<sup>-1</sup> at perimeter
  - OTPS/TPX03 tides and Flather condition with Hycom  $\zeta$ ,  $\overline{u}$
- Monthly climatological rivers (Seitzinger)
- Mellor-Yamada 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> vertical turbulence closure
- Start physics in June 2003
  - start BGC in January 2004
  - BGC boundary conditions from regressions of tracer on T,S data

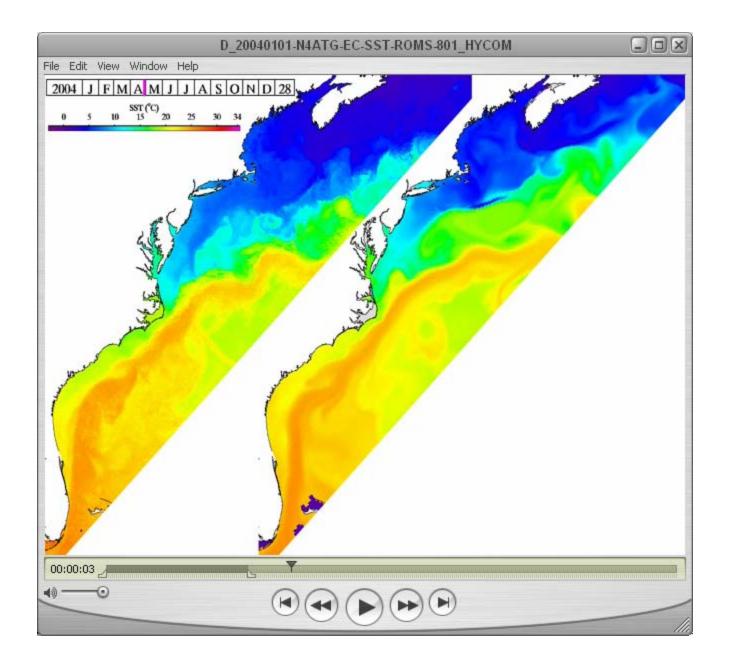


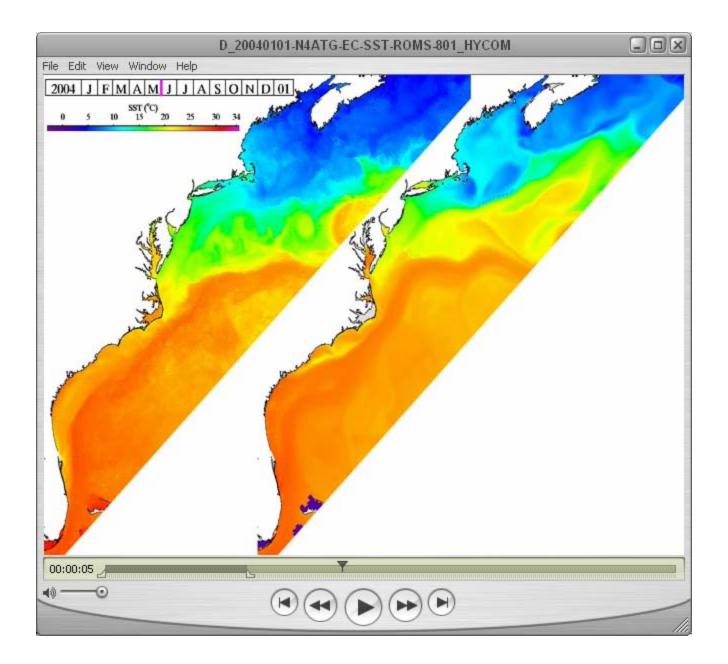


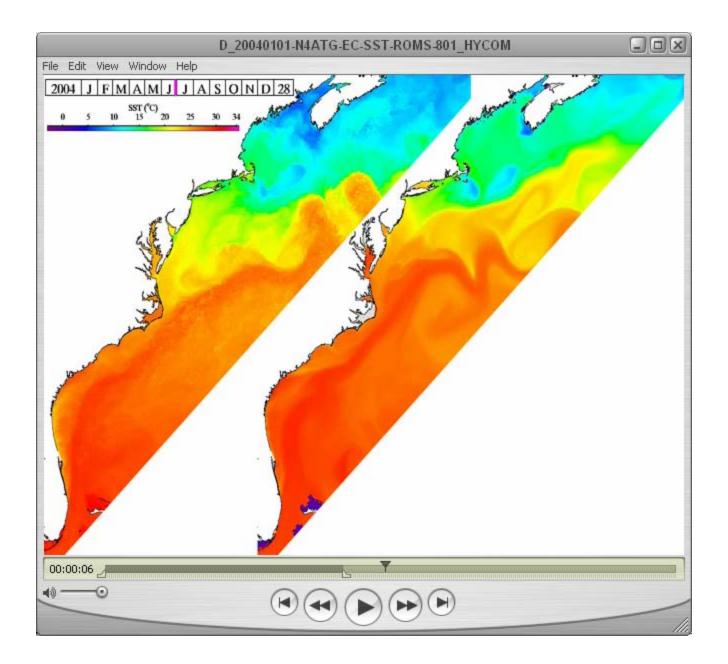


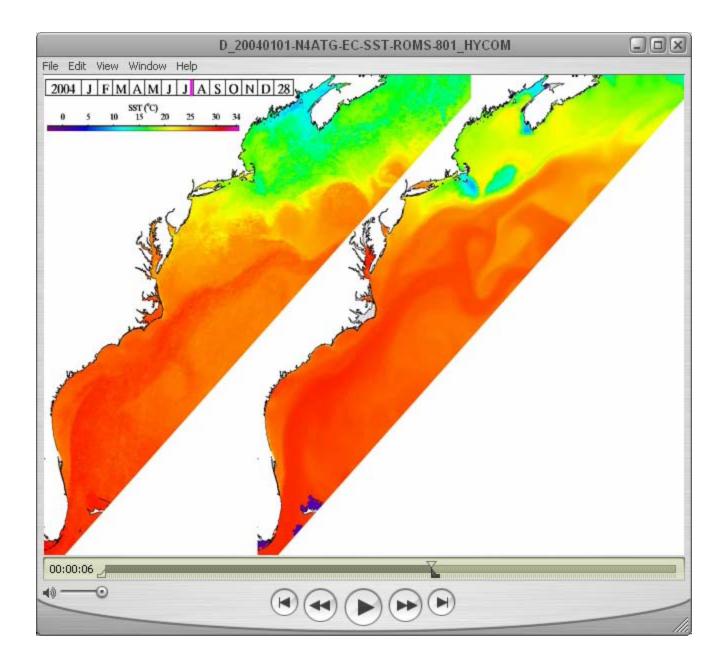


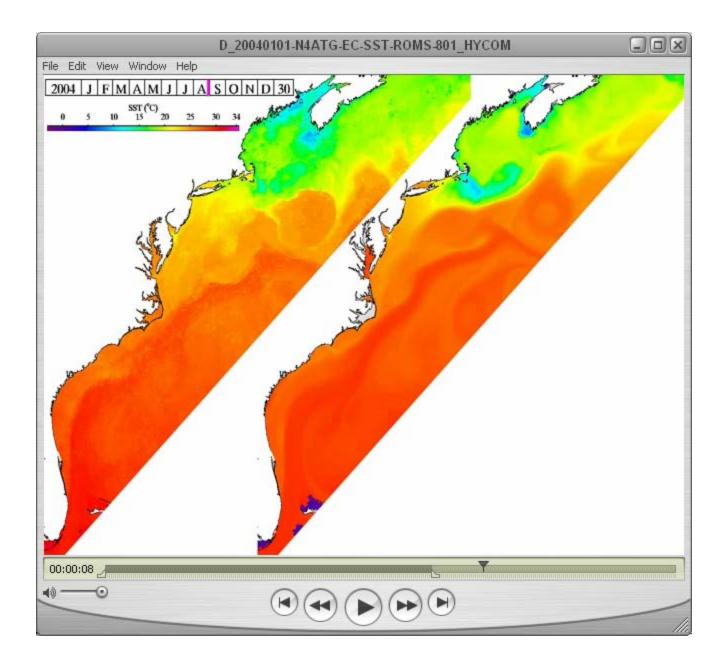


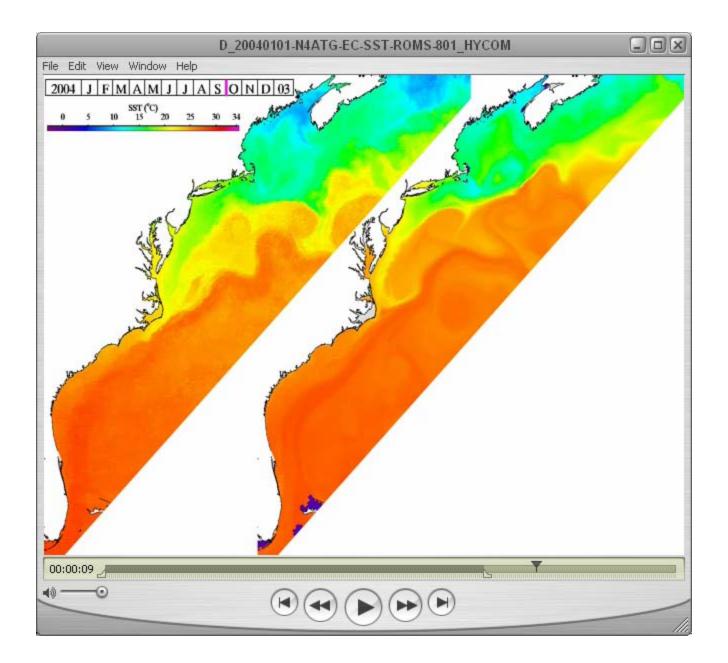


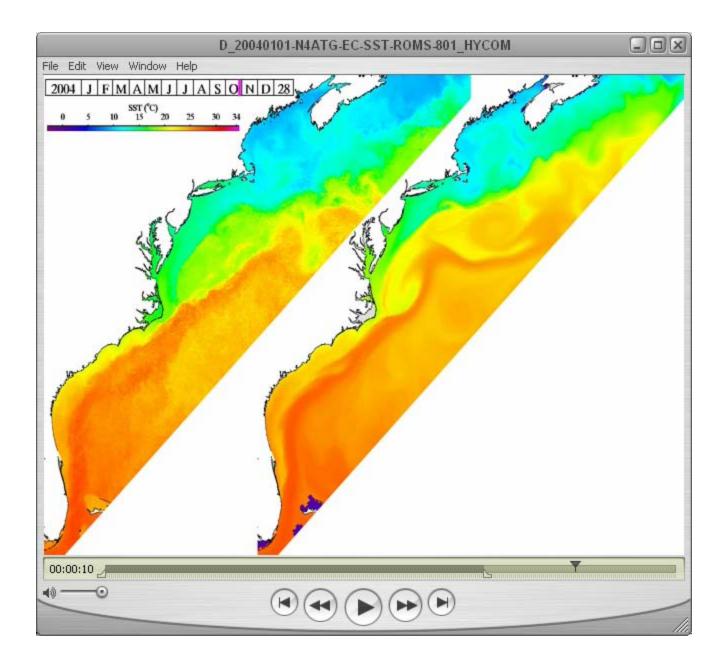


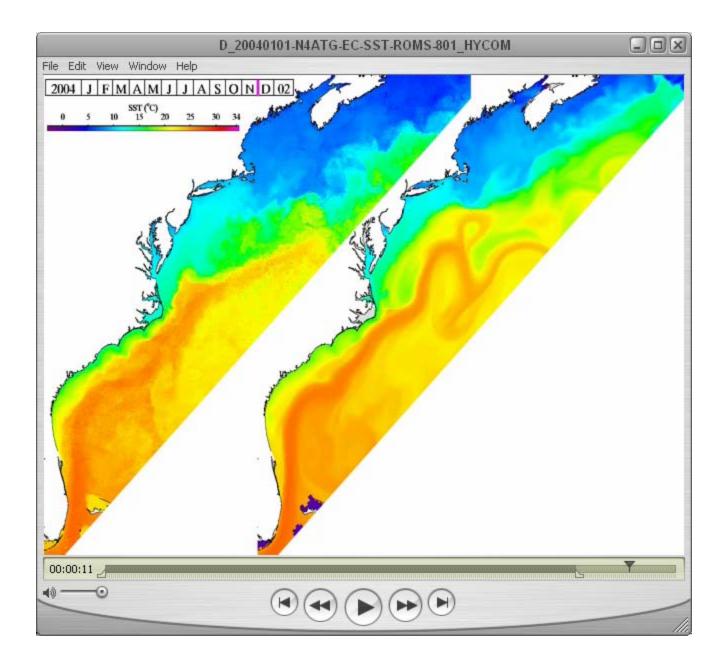


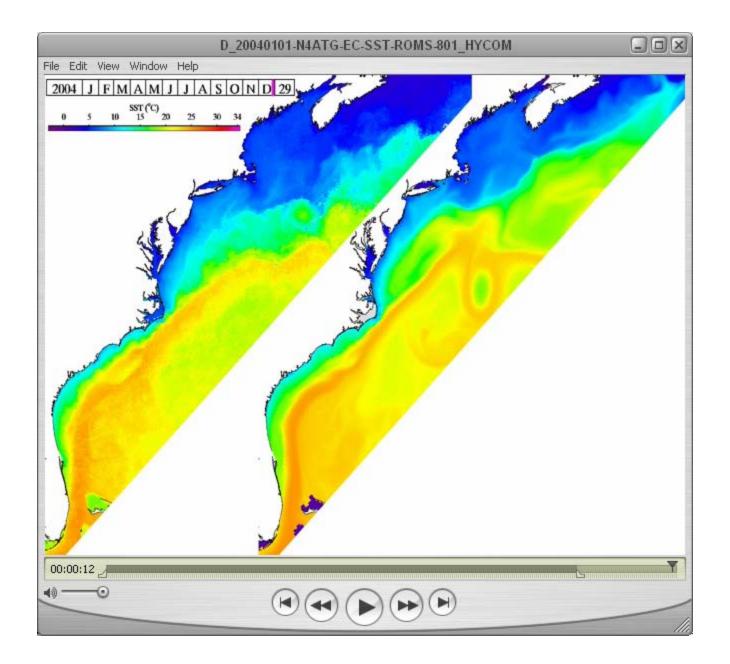


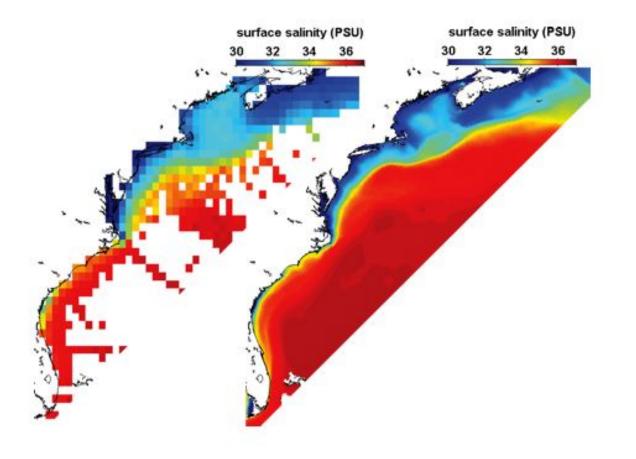


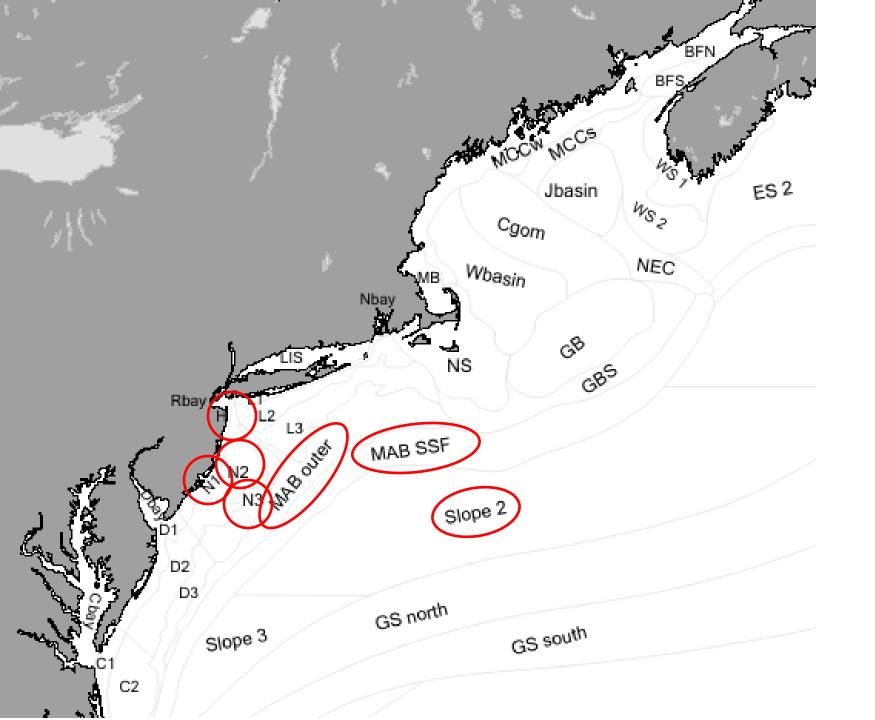


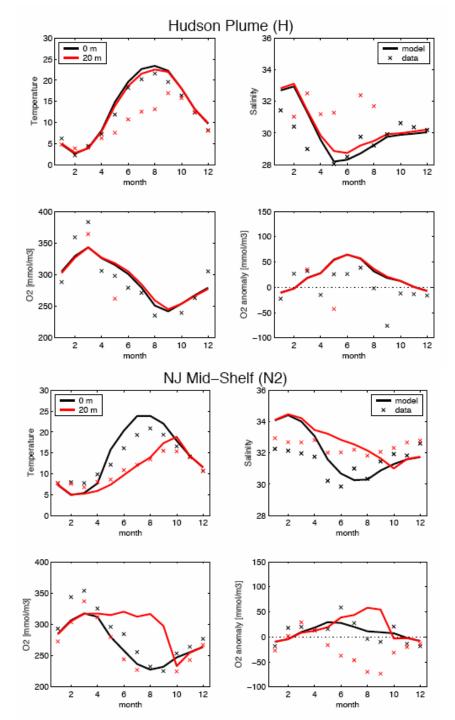


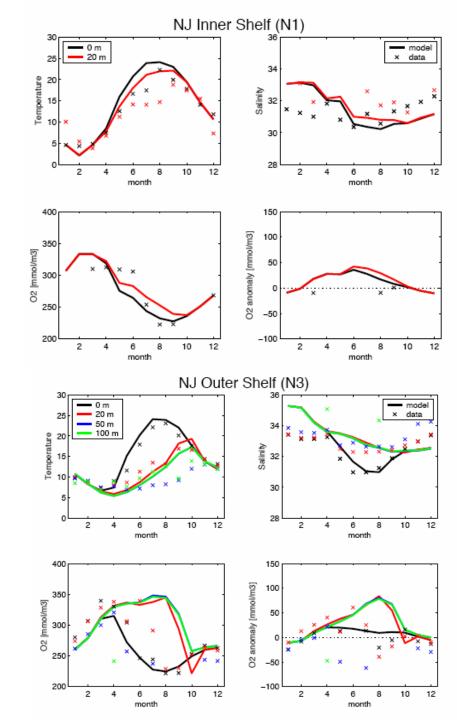


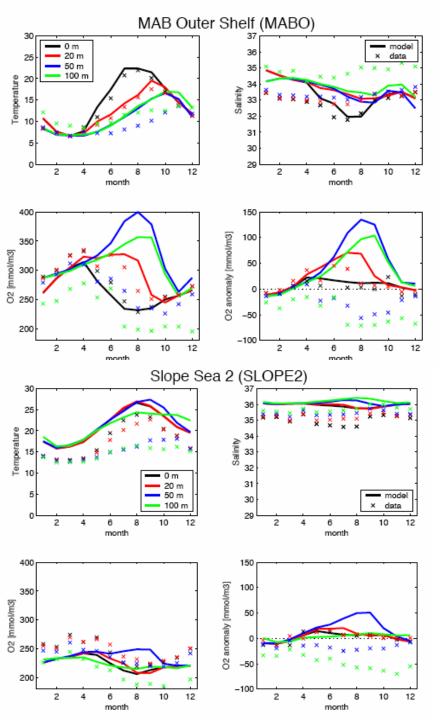


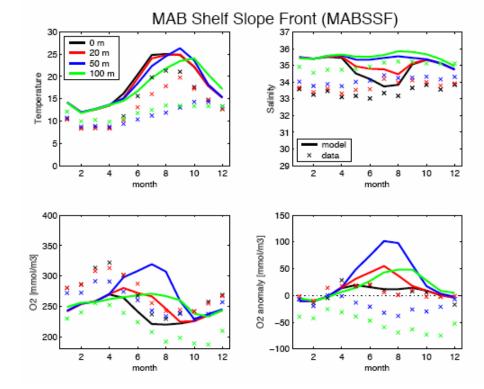


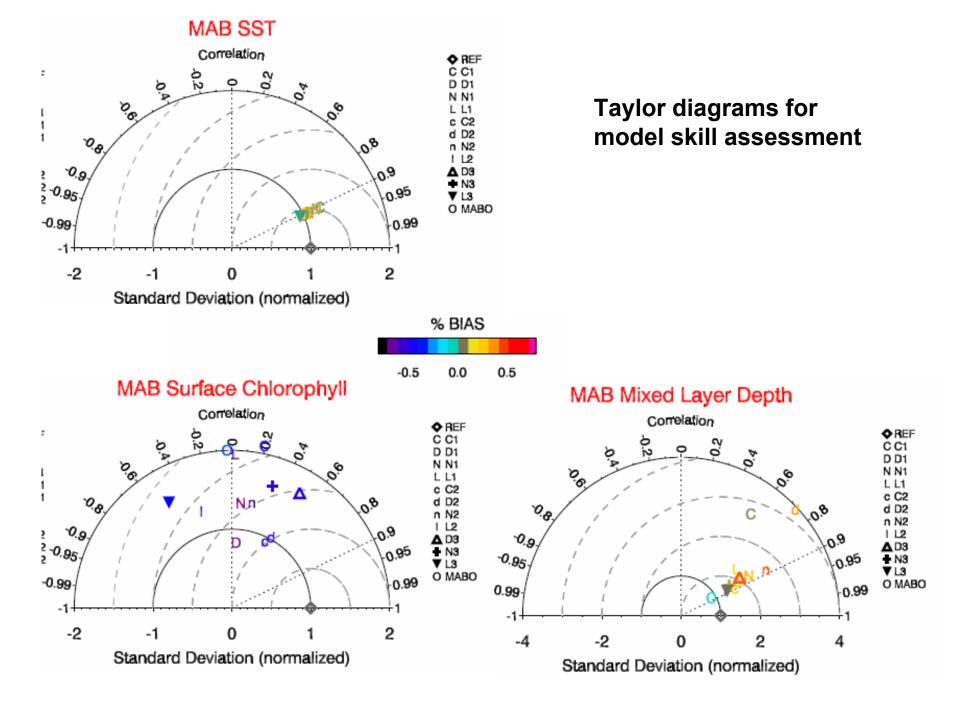




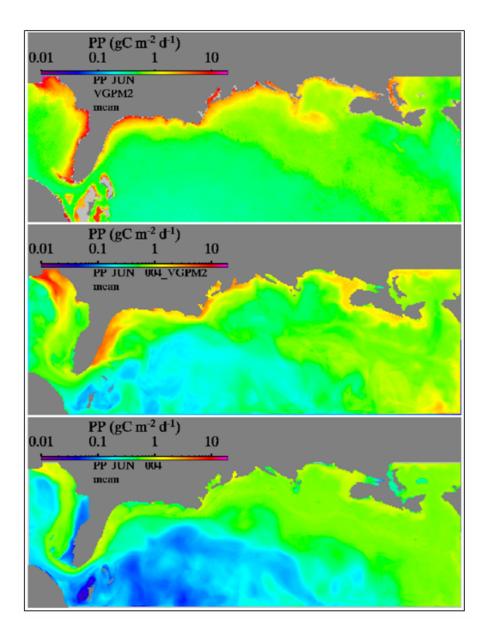








### Model, satellite and ecosystem algorithm comparison

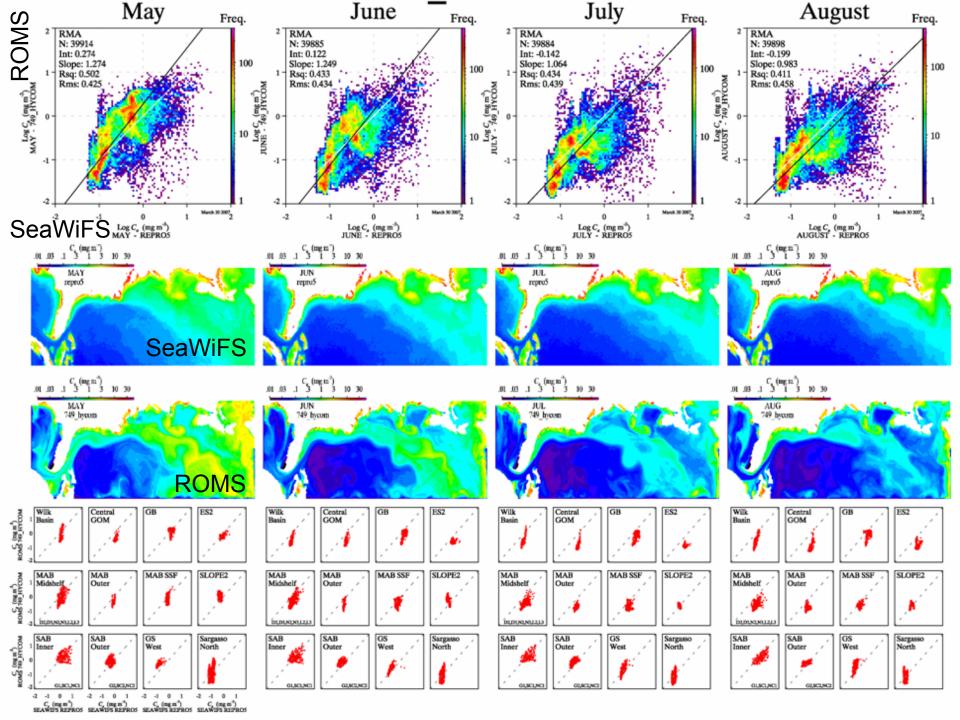


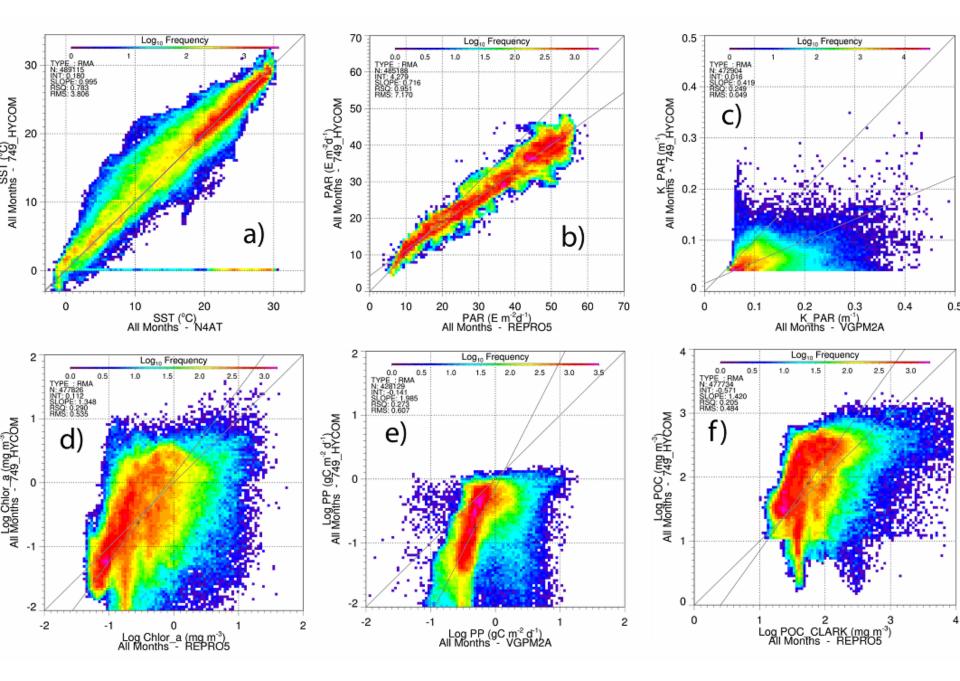
Satellite-derived primary production (PP) using VGPM2

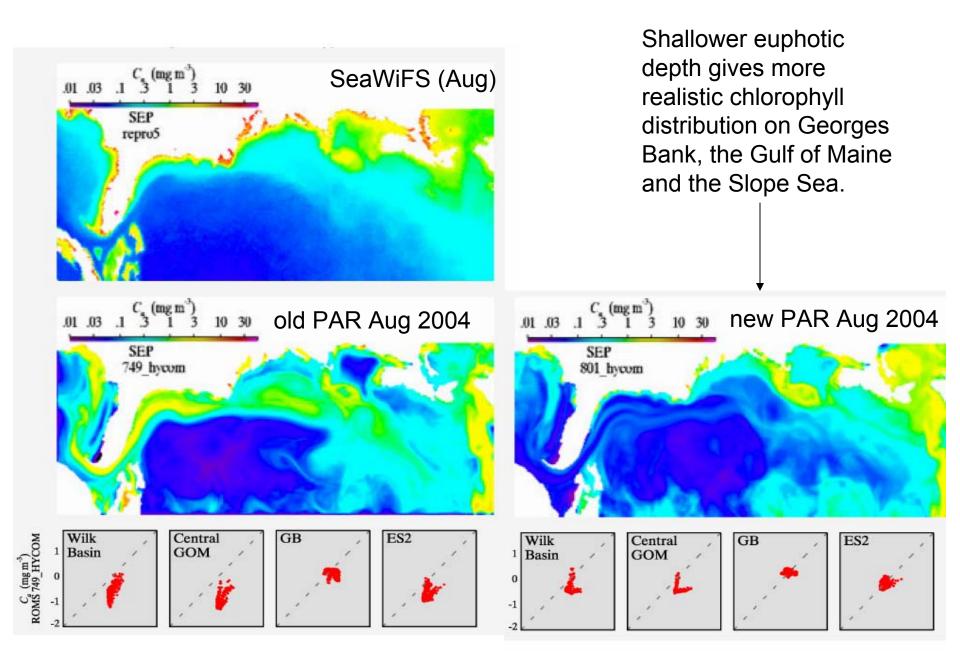
## VGPM2 applied to NENA-simulated fields

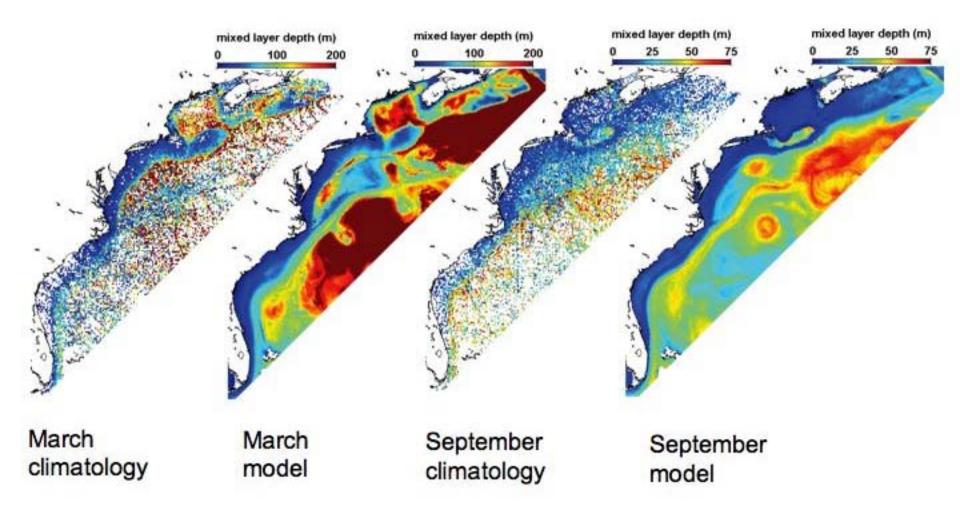
Modeled PP using NENA

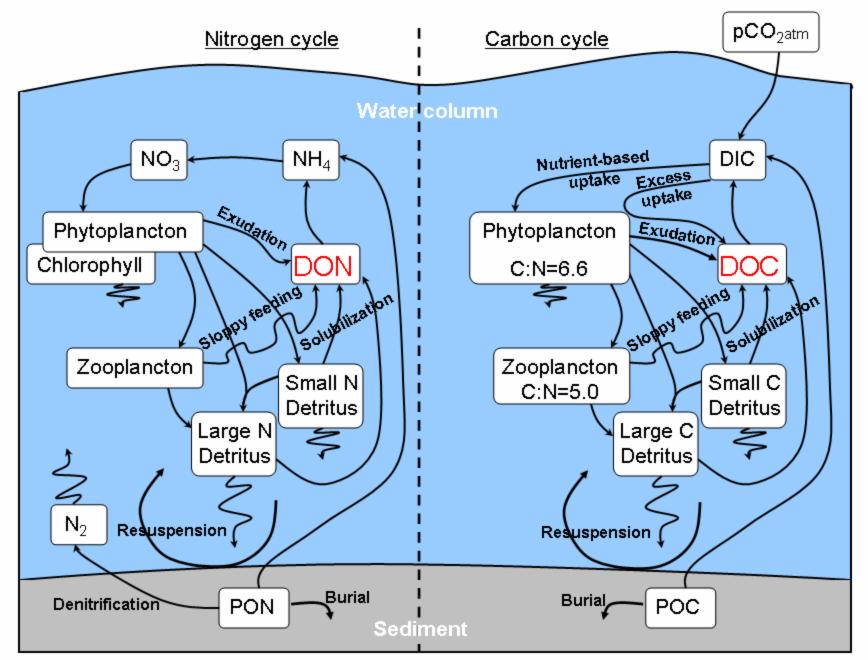
Fennel, Wilkin, O'Reilly





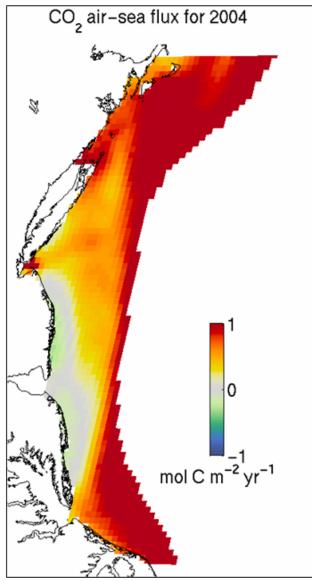






Semilabile DON and DOC with degradation rates from weeks to months

### Continental shelf carbon cycle



**Simulated annual air-sea flux of CO<sub>2</sub>** Explicit inorganic carbon cycling

**Positive** values indicate uptake by ocean

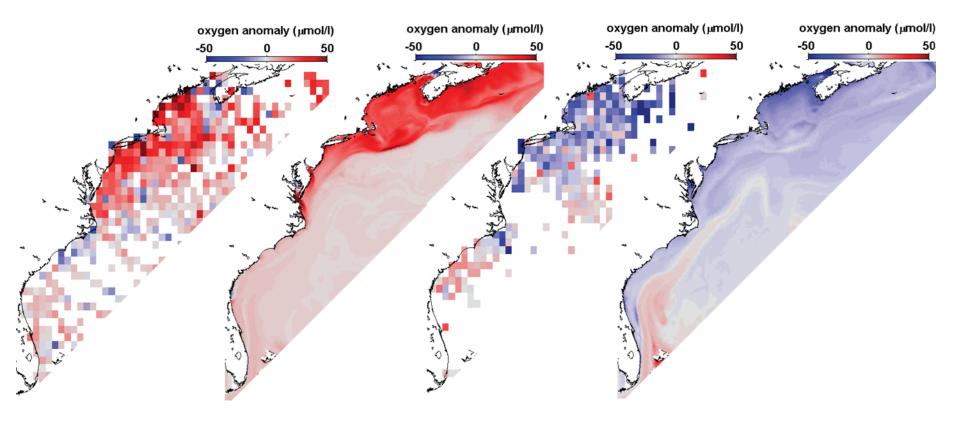
# Outer Mid-Atlantic Bight continental shelf is a sink for atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub>

No net uptake off NJ due to outgassing during summer from upwelling

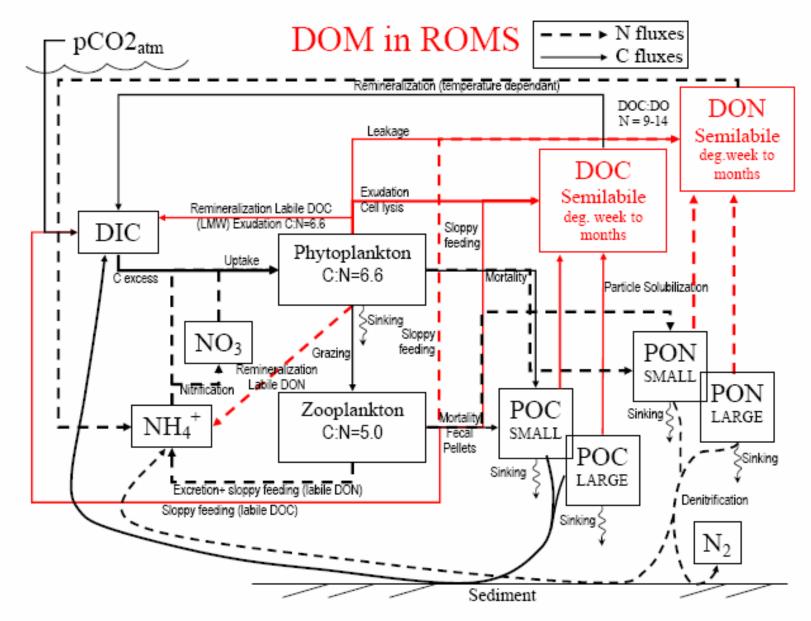
Katja Fennel

### MAB atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> uptake estimates

	DeGrandpre <i>et</i> <i>al.</i> (2002)	Model	Model w/o DNF
Total (Mt C yr <sup>-1</sup> )	$1.0 \pm 0.6$	0.9	1.62
Inner Shelf (0-20 m) (mol C m <sup>-2</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup> )	$0.9 \pm 0.63$	0.38	1.1
Mid-shelf (20-50 m) ( <b>mol C m<sup>-2</sup> yr<sup>-1</sup></b> )	1.6 ± 1.28	0.57	1.2
Outer Shelf (50-200 m) ( <b>mol C m<sup>-2</sup> yr<sup>-1</sup></b> )	$0.7 \pm 0.07$	0.91	1.2



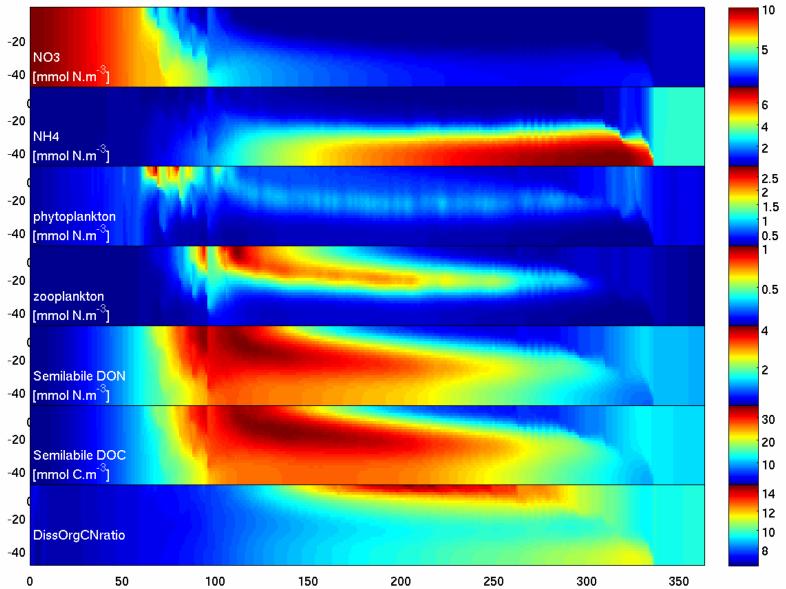
### DOM modeling



Jean-Noel Druon

### 1-D Mid Atlantic Bight results

/home/druonje/OUTPUT/ROMS/src2/biotoy\_his\_fashC\_frc\_ij\_112\_205\_2004.nc



### **Summary: Status/Future**

- ROMS-in-HYCOM for NENA works
  - but requires that the salinity bias is corrected
    - increasing resolution will not solve bias
  - ROMS biases:
    - South Atlantic Bight bottom temperatures too cold
    - shelf stratification too strong
    - MAB shelf/slope front under-resolved
  - ROMS/BGC:
    - sensitivity to vertical mixing,  $k_{PAR}$  being pursued
    - must consider benthic processes (semi-labile constituents, diagenesis, denitrification, export, benthic primary productivity)
    - DOC model running now

\*Experimental System for Predicting Shelf and Slope Optics





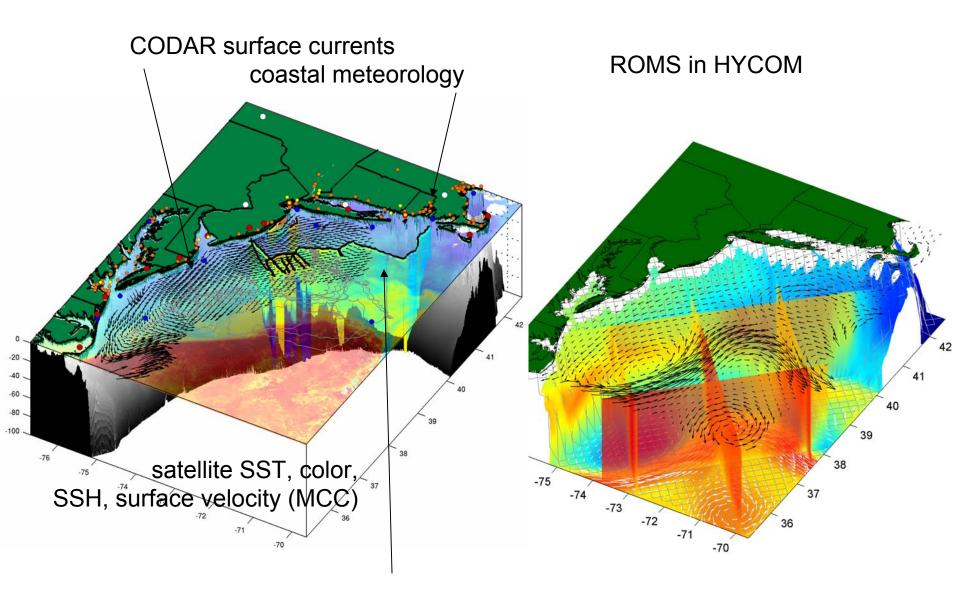
## **Summary: Status/Future**

#### • Needs

- explore improved open boundary condition schemes
- better process for data transfer and coordinate remapping (presently ad hoc extrapolation and land/sea/bathy mis-match)
  - especially for future operational applications (MURI-ESPreSSO\*) unbiased Hycom (on shelf) preferred
  - but possibly corrected via shelf assimilation
- should use inter-annual river flow variability (in both models but especially in ROMS)
- Future
  - Operational MAB
  - 4DVar assimilation of Coastal Observing System data
    - gliders, CODAR, cabled observatory
  - Optics model for ESPreSSO
  - multiple nesting within ROMS

\*Experimental System for Predicting Shelf and Slope Optics





glider: T,S, optics along paths